Military History Anniversaries 1 thru 30 Nov

Significant events in U.S. Military History for the next month are:

- **Nov 00 1943** – WW2: USS Capelin (SS–289) sunk by unknown causes, either Japanese aircraft (934 Kokutai) or minelayer Wakatake, a Japanese mine in the northern Celebes, or perhaps a hull defect reported prior to her departure from Darwin. 78 killed
- **Nov 01 1915** – Parris Island is officially designated a US Marine Corps Recruit Depot.
- **Nov 01 1943** - WW2: Battle of Empress Augusta Bay - United States Marines, the 3rd Marine Division, land on Bougainville in the Solomon Islands. Casualties and losses: US 19 - JP 168 to 658
- **Nov 01 1943** - WW2: In support of the landings on Bougainville, U.S. aircraft carrier forces attack the huge Japanese base at Rabaul.
- **Nov 01 1951** – Cold War: Operation Buster–Jangle: 6,500 American soldiers are exposed to 'Desert Rock' atomic explosions for training purposes in Nevada. Participation is not voluntary.
- **Nov 01 1952** – Cold War: Operation Ivy – The United States successfully detonates the first large hydrogen bomb, codenamed "Mike" ['M' for megaton], in the Eniwetok atoll, located in the Marshall Islands in the central Pacific Ocean. The explosion had a yield of 10 megatons.
- **Nov 01 1968** – Vietnam: President Lyndon B. Johnson calls a halt to bombing in Vietnam, hoping this will lead to progress at the Paris peace talks.
- **Nov 02 1775** – American Revolution: Americans under General Richard Montgomery capture the British fort of Saint Johns.
- **Nov 02 1783** - American Revolution: In Rocky Hill, New Jersey, US General George Washington gives his "Farewell Address to the Army".
- **Nov 02 1967** – Vietnam: US President Lyndon B. Johnson and "The Wise Men" conclude that the American people should be given more optimistic reports on the progress of the war.
- **Nov 03 1783** – American Revolution: The American Continental Army is disbanded.
- **Nov 03 1942** – WW2: The Koli Point action begins during the Guadalcanal Campaign and ends on November 12.
- **Nov 03 1943** – WW2: 500 aircraft of the U.S. 8th Air Force devastate Wilhelmshafen harbor in Germany.
- **Nov 04 1780** - French-American forces under Colonel LaBalme are defeated by Miami Chief Little Turtle.
- **Nov 04 1814** – War of 1812: Having decided to abandon the Niagara frontier, the American army blows up Fort Erie.
- **Nov 04 1962** – The last atmospheric nuclear test is conducted by the U.S. in a test of the Nike–Hercules air defense missile, Shot Dominic–Tightrope.
- **Nov 04 1967** – Vietnam: American troops broke a North Vietnamese 6 day assault at Loc Ninh, near the Cambodian border.
- **Nov 04 1979** – At the American Embassy in Teheran, Iran, 90 people, including 63 Americans, are taken hostage for 444 days by militant student followers of Ayatollah Khomeini. The students demand the return of Shah Mohammad Reza Pahlavi, who was undergoing medical treatment in New York City.
- **Nov 05 1780** - French-American forces under Colonel LaBalme are defeated by Miami Chief Little Turtle.
- **Nov 05 1814** – War of 1812: Having decided to abandon the Niagara frontier, the American army blows up Fort Erie.
- **Nov 05 1862** - Civil War: Abraham Lincoln questions the leadership skills of George B. McClellan during battles and removes him as commander of the Union Army for the second and final time. Lincoln's famous evaluation of McClellan read, "If he can't fight himself, he excels in making others ready to fight."
Nov 05 1862 – Indian Wars: In Minnesota, 303 Dakota warriors are found guilty of rape and murder of whites and are sentenced to hang. 38 are ultimately executed and the others reprieved.

Nov 05 1862 - Civil War: Abraham Lincoln removes George B. McClellan as commander of the Union Army for the second and final time.

Nov 05 1917 – WWI: General John Pershing leads U.S. troops into the first American action against German forces near the Rhine–Marne Canal in France.

Nov 05 1937 - Adolf Hitler holds a secret meeting and states his plans for acquiring "living space" for the German people.

Nov 05 2009 - US Army Major Nidal Malik Hasan kills 13 and wounds 29 at Fort Hood, Texas in the deadliest mass shooting at a US military installation.

Nov 06 1865 - Civil War: CSS Shenandoah is the last Confederate combat unit to surrender after circumnavigating the globe on a cruise on which it sank or captured 37 vessels. She was a iron-framed, teak-planked, full-rigged ship w/ auxiliary steam power.

Nov 06 1942 - WW2: Guadalcanal Campaign - Carlson's 29 day patrol begins.

Nov 06 1945 – The first landing of a jet on a carrier takes place on USS Wake Island when an FR–1 Fireball touches down


Nov 06 1986 – The Iran arms–for–hostages deal is revealed, damaging the Reagan administration.

Nov 06 1991 - The last burning Kuwaiti oil field is extinguished.

Nov 07 1811 - Tecumseh's War: The Battle of Tippecanoe is fought near present-day Battle Ground, Indiana, United States.

Nov 07 1861 - Civil War: Battle of Belmont - In Belmont, Missouri, Union forces led by General Ulysses S. Grant overrun a Confederate camp but are forced to retreat when Confederate reinforcements arrive. Casualties and losses: US 607 - CSA 641.

Nov 07 1944 – WW2: USS Albacore (SS–218) missing. Possibly sunk by Japanese mine off northern tip of Honshu, Japan. 85 killed

• Nov 07 1973 - The U.S. Congress overrides President Richard M. Nixon's veto of the War Powers Resolution, which limits presidential power to wage war without congressional approval.

• Nov 07 2004 - War in Iraq: The interim government of Iraq calls for a 60-day "state of emergency" as U.S. forces storm the insurgent stronghold of Fallujah.

• Nov 08 1861 - Civil War: The "Trent Affair" - The USS San Jacinto stops the United Kingdom mail ship Trent and arrests two Confederate envoys, sparking a diplomatic crisis between the UK and US.

• Nov 08 1839 - In Munich, Adolf Hitler narrowly escapes the assassination attempt of Georg Elser while celebrating the 16th anniversary of the Beer Hall Putsch.

• Nov 08 1942 - WW2: Operation Torch - United States and United Kingdom forces land in French North Africa.

• Nov 08 1944 – WW2: USS Growler (SS–215) missing. Most likely sunk by Japanese destroyer Shigure, escort vessel Chiburi, and Coast Defense Vessel No. 19 off Mindoro. 86 killed

• Nov 08 1950 - Korea: United States Air Force Lt. Russell J. Brown, while piloting an F-80 Shooting Star, shoots down two North Korean MiG-15s in the first jet aircraft-to-jet aircraft dogfight in history.

• Nov 08 1965 - Vietnam: The 173rd Airborne is ambushed by over 1,200 Viet Cong in Operation Hump during the Vietnam War, while the 1st Battalion, Royal Australian Regiment fight one of the first set-piece engagements of the war between Australian forces and the Vietcong at the Battle of Gang Toi.

• Nov 08 2002 - Iraq disarmament crisis: UN Security Council Resolution 1441 - The United Nations Security Council unanimously approves a resolution on Iraq, forcing Saddam Hussein to disarm or face "serious consequences".

• Nov 08 2004 - War in Iraq: More than 10,000 U.S. troops and a small number of Iraqi army units participate in a siege on the insurgent stronghold of Fallujah.

• Nov 09 1780 - American Revolution: In the Battle of Fishdam Ford a force British and Loyalist troops fail in a surprise attack against the South Carolina Patriot militia under Brigadier General Thomas Sumter. Casualties and losses: US 0 - GB 20

• Nov 09 1822 - USN West Indies Anti-Piracy Operation: Naval battle between USS Alligator and a squadron of 3 pirate schooners off the coast of Cuba. Casualties and losses: US 7 - Pirates 14 + 1 Schooner.

• Nov 09 1970 - Vietnam: The Supreme Court of the United States votes 6 to 3 against hearing a case to allow Massachusetts to enforce its law granting residents the right to refuse military service in an undeclared war.

• Nov 09 1979 - Cold War: Nuclear false alarm - The NORAD computers and the Alternate National Military Command Center in Fort Ritchie, Maryland detected purported massive Soviet nuclear strike. After reviewing the raw data from satellites and checking the early warning radars, the alert is cancelled.

• Nov 09 1989 – Cold War: Fall of the Berlin Wall. Communist–controlled East Germany opens checkpoints in the Berlin Wall allowing its citizens to travel to West Germany. This key event led to the eventual reunification of East and West Germany.

• Nov 10 1775 – American Revolution: The United States Marine Corps is founded at Tun Tavern in Philadelphia by Samuel Nicholas. Continental Congress establishes two battalions of Marines.

• Nov 10 1782 – American Revolution: In the last battle of the Revolution, George Rodgers Clark attacks Indians and Loyalists at Chillicothe, in Ohio Territory.

• Nov 10 1944 - WW2: The ammunition ship USS Mount Hood explodes at Seeadler Harbour, Manus, Admiralty Islands, killing at least 432 and wounding 371.

• Nov 10 1954 - U.S. President Dwight D. Eisenhower dedicates the USMC War Memorial (Iwo Jima memorial) in Arlington National Cemetery.

• Nov 10 1970 - Vietnam: Vietnamization - For the first time in five years, an entire week ends with no reports of American combat fatalities in Southeast Asia.

• Nov 11 1778 – American Revolution: Cherry Valley Massacre: Loyalists and Seneca Indian forces attack a fort and village in eastern New York during the War, killing more than forty civilians and soldiers.

• Nov 11 1813 – War of 1812: Battle of Crysler's Farm – British and Canadian forces defeat a larger American force, causing the Americans to abandon their Saint Lawrence campaign. Casualties and losses: US 359 - UK/CN 192

• Nov 11 1864 - Civil War: Sherman's March to the Sea - Union General William Tecumseh Sherman begins burning Atlanta, Georgia to the ground in preparation for his march south.

• Nov 11 1865 – Civil War: Dr. Mary E. Walker, the first female surgeon in the Union Army, is presented with the Medal of Honor, the first woman to receive that award.

• Nov 11 1909 – Construction begins on the naval base at Pearl Harbor in Hawaii.
Nov 11 1921 – The Tomb of the Unknown Soldier at Arlington Cemetery is dedicated by U.S. President Warren G. Harding.

Nov 11 1918 - World War I: Germany signs an armistice agreement with the Allies in a railroad car in the forest of Compiègne, France. The fighting officially ends at 11:00 a.m., (the eleventh hour in the eleventh month on the eleventh day) and this is annually honored with a two-minute silence. The war officially ends on the signing of the Treaty of Versailles on 28th June, 1919.

Nov 11 1921 - The Tomb of the Unknowns is dedicated by US President Warren G. Harding at Arlington National Cemetery.

Nov 11 1942 - WW2: Nazi Germany completes its occupation of France.

Nov 11 1944 – WW2: USS Scamp (SS–277) sunk by Japanese naval aircraft and Coast Defense Vessel No.4 in Tokyo Bay area. 83 killed

Nov 11 1967 – Vietnam: Three U.S. prisoners of war, two of them African American, are released by the Viet Cong in a ceremony in Phnom Penh, Cambodia. U.S. officials in Saigon said that the released prisoners had been brainwashed, but the State Department denied it. The Viet Cong said that the release was a response to antiwar protests in the U.S. and a gesture towards the courageous struggle of blacks in the U.S.

Nov 11 1967 – Vietnam: Operation Wheeler and Wallowa merged in Quang Nam and Quang Tin Provinces. The purpose of these operations were to relieve enemy pressure and to reinforce the III Marine Amphibious Force in the area, thus permitting Marines to be deployed further north. The operation lasted more than 12 months and resulted in 10,000 enemy casualties. My Lai Massacre subsequently occurred 16 MAR 1968.

Nov 11 1968 – Vietnam: Operation Commando Hunt initiated. The goal was to interdict men and supplies on the Ho Chi Minh Trail, through Laos into South Vietnam.


Nov 11 1993 - A sculpture honoring women who served in the Vietnam War is dedicated at the Vietnam Veterans Memorial in Washington, D.C.
Nov 12 1942 - WW2: The Naval Battle of Guadalcanal between Japanese and American forces begins near Guadalcanal. The battle lasts for three days and ends with an American victory.

Nov 12 1948 – In Tokyo, an international war crimes tribunal sentences seven Japanese military and government officials, including General Hideki Tojo, to death for their roles in World War II.

Nov 12 1951 – Korea: The U.S. Eighth Army is ordered to cease offensive operations and begin an active defense.


Nov 12 1979 - Iran hostage crisis: in response to the hostage situation in Tehran, US President Jimmy Carter orders a halt to all petroleum imports into the United States from Iran.


Nov 13 1982 – The Vietnam Veterans Memorial is dedicated in Washington, D.C. after a march to its site by thousands of Vietnam War veterans.

Nov 13 2001 – War on Terrorism: In the first such act since World War II, US President George W. Bush signs an executive order allowing military tribunals against foreigners suspected of connections to terrorist acts or planned acts on the United States.

Nov 14 1862 – Civil War: President Abraham Lincoln approves General Ambrose Burnside's plan to capture the Confederate capital at Richmond, Virginia, leading to the Battle of Fredericksburg.

Nov 14 1910 – First airplane flight from the makeshift deck of a ship (USS Birmingham at Hampton Roads to Norfolk VA) in a Curtiss pusher.


Nov 14 1941 - WW2: In Slonim, German forces engaged in Operation Barbarossa murdered 9000 Jews in a single day.

Nov 14 1961 – Vietnam: President Kennedy increases the number of American advisors in Vietnam from 1,000 to 16,000.

Nov 14 1965 – Vietnam: The first major engagement between regular American and North Vietnamese forces occurs with the Battle of Chu Pon–ia Drang River. U.S. 1st Calvary fought North Vietnamese regulars 14–17. The second battle was fought by ARVN Airborne Brigade 18–26 NOV.

Nov 14 2001 - War in Afghanistan: Afghan Northern Alliance fighters take over the capital Kabul.

Nov 15 1777 – American Revolution: After 16 months of debate the Continental Congress approves the Articles of Confederation.

Nov 15 1864 – Civil War: Union General W.T. Sherman's troops set fires that destroy much of Atlanta Georgia as he began his march to the sea in an effort to cut the Confederacy in two.


Nov 15 1960 – Cold War: The first submarine with nuclear missiles, USS George Washington, takes to sea from Charleston, South Carolina.


- Nov 16 1943 – WW2: USS Corvina (SS–226) torpedoed and sunk by Japanese submarine I 176 south of Truk. 82 killed
- Nov 16 1776 - American Revolution: British and Hessian units capture Fort Washington from the Patriots.
- Nov 16 1776 - American Revolution: The United Provinces (Low Countries) recognize the independence of the United States
- Nov 16 1863 - Civil War: Battle of Campbell's Station near Knoxville, Tennessee - Confederate troops unsuccessfully attack Union forces. Casualties and losses: US 400 - CSA 570.
- Nov 16 1943 - WW2: American bombers strike a hydro-electric power facility and heavy water factory in German-controlled Vemork, Norway
- Nov 16 1944 - WW2: Operation Queen, the costly Allied thrust to the Rur, is launched. Casualties and losses: US & UK ~38,500 - Ger ~35,500.
- Nov 16 1943 – WW2: USS Corvina (SS–226) torpedoed and sunk by Japanese submarine I 176 south of Truk. 82 killed
- Nov 16 1944 – WW2: Dueren, Germany is completely destroyed by Allied bombers.
- Nov 16 1945 – Cold War: Operation Paperclip – The United States Army secretly admits 88 German scientists and engineers to help in the development of rocket technology.
- Nov 16 1856 – Indian Wars: On the Sonoita River in present-day southern Arizona, the United States Army establishes Fort Buchanan in order to help control new land acquired in the Gadsden Purchase.
- Nov 17 1863 – Civil War: Siege of Knoxville begins with Battle of Campbell's Station near Knoxville TN – Confederate troops unsuccessfully attack Union forces.
- Nov 17 1913 – The first ship sails from Atlantic to Pacific oceans via the Panama Canal.
- Nov 17 1943 – WW2: American bombers strike a hydro–electric power facility and heavy water factory in German–controlled Vemork, Norway.
- Nov 17 1944 – WW2: Operation Queen, the costly Allied thrust to the Rur river was launched.
- Nov 17 1945 – Cold War: Operation Paperclip – the United States Army secretly admits 88 German scientists and engineers to help in the development of rocket technology.
- Nov 17 1967 – Vietnam War: Acting on optimistic reports that he had been given on November 13, U.S. President Lyndon B. Johnson tells the nation that, while much remained to be done, "We are inflicting greater losses than we're taking...We are making progress."
- Nov 17 1969 – Cold War: Negotiators from the Soviet Union and the United States meet in Helsinki to begin SALT I negotiations aimed at limiting the number of strategic weapons on both sides.
- Nov 18 1909 – Two United States warships are sent to Nicaragua after 500 revolutionaries (including two Americans) are executed by order of José Santos Zelaya.
- Nov 19 1861 – Civil War: Julia Ward Howe writes "The Battle Hymn of the Republic" while visiting Union troops.
- Nov 19 1861 – Civil War: The Confederate raider Nashville captured and burned the Union clipper ship Harvey Birch in the Atlantic Ocean.
- Nov 19 1863 – Civil War: Lincoln delivers the "Gettysburg Address" at the dedication of the National Cemetery at the site of the Battle of Gettysburg.
Nov 19 1943 – WW2: USS Sculpin (SS–191) damaged by Japanese destroyer Yamagumo and later scuttled north of Truk. 12 killed, 51 POWs later died and 21 POWs survived.

Nov 19 1944 – WW2: U.S. President Franklin D. Roosevelt announces the 6th War Loan Drive, aimed at selling US$14 billion in war bonds to help pay for the war effort.


Nov 19 1979 - Iran hostage crisis: Iranian leader Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini orders the release of 13 female and black American hostages being held at the US Embassy in Tehran.

Nov 20 1776 - American Revolution: British forces land at the Palisades and then attack Fort Lee. The Continental Army starts to retreat across New Jersey.

Nov 20 1943 – WW2: U.S. Marines landed on Tarawa in the Gilbert Islands, one of the bloodiest campaigns waged by American forces against the Japanese in the Pacific.

Nov 20 1945 – WW2: Trials against 24 Nazi war criminals start at the Palace of Justice at Nuremberg.

Nov 20 1950 – Korea: U.S. troops push to the Yalu River, within five miles of Manchuria.

Nov 20 1962 – Cuban Missile Crisis: In response to the Soviet Union agreeing to remove its missiles from Cuba, U.S. President John F. Kennedy ends the quarantine of the Caribbean nation.


Nov 21 1864 – Civil War: From Georgia, Confederate General John B. Hood launches the Franklin–Nashville Campaign into Tennessee

Nov 21 1967 - Vietnam: American General William Westmoreland tells news reporters: "I am absolutely certain that whereas in 1965 the enemy was winning, today he is certainly losing.”

Nov 21 1969 - U.S. President Richard Nixon and Japanese Premier Eisaku Sato agree in Washington, D.C. on the return of Okinawa to Japanese control in 1972. Under the terms of the agreement, the U.S. is to retain its rights to bases on the island, but these are to be nuclear-free.

Nov 21 1970 – Vietnam: Operation Ivory Coast – A joint Air Force and Army team raids the Son Tay prison camp in an attempt to free American prisoners of war thought to be held there.

Nov 21 1985 - United States Navy intelligence analyst Jonathan Pollard is arrested for spying after being caught giving Israel classified information on Arab nations. He is subsequently sentenced to life in prison.

Nov 22 1812 – War of 1812: In a 1250 man punitive expedition against a Native American coalition of 3 tribes supported by Great Britain seventeen Indiana Rangers are killed and 3 are wounded at the Battle of Wild Cat Creek. Indian casualties are unknown.

Nov 22 1864 – Civil War: Sherman's March to the Sea: Confederate General John Bell Hood invades Tennessee in an unsuccessful attempt to draw Union General William T. Sherman from Georgia.

Nov 22 1943 – WW2: War in the Pacific – U.S. President Franklin D. Roosevelt, British Prime Minister Winston Churchill, and Chinese leader Chiang Kai–Shek meet in Cairo, Egypt, to discuss ways to defeat Japan (see Cairo Conference)

Nov 22 1977 – Vietnam: U.S. loses its first B-52 of the war. The eight-engine bomber was brought down by a North Vietnamese surface-to-air missile near Vinh on the day when B-52s flew their heaviest raids of the war over North Vietnam.
• Nov 23 1863 – Civil War: Union forces win the Battle of Orchard Knob, Tennessee.
• Nov 23 1863 – Civil War: The 3rd Battle of Chattanooga in Tennessee, one of the most decisive battles of the War, begins. Union forces led by General Ulysses S. Grant reinforce troops at Chattanooga, Tennessee and counter-attack Confederate troops.
• Nov 23 1914 – Mexican Revolution: The last of U.S. forces withdraw from Veracruz, occupied seven months earlier in response to the Tampico Affair.
• Nov 23 1941 – WW2: U.S. troops move into Dutch Guiana, by agreement with the Netherlands Government in exile, to guard the bauxite mines to protect aluminum ore supplies from the mines in Surinam.
• Nov 23 1943 – WW2: Tarawa and Makin atolls fall to American forces.
• Nov 23 1968 – Vietnam: Battle of Nui Chom Mountain. The 4th Bn, 31st Infantry, 196th Inf Bde fought and destroyed the 21st NVA Regiment on Nui Chom Mountain southwest of Da Nang in a fierce six day battle.
• Nov 24 1943 – WW2: The USS Liscome Bay is torpedoed near Tarawa and sinks with nearly 650 men killed.
• Nov 23 1944 – WW2: The first bombing raid against Tokyo is carried out by 88 American aircraft from Saipan.
• Nov 24 1979 – The United States admits that thousands of troops in Vietnam were exposed to the toxic Agent Orange.
• Nov 25 1758 - French and Indian War: British forces capture Fort Duquesne from French control. Fort Pitt is built nearby and it grows into modern Pittsburgh.
• Nov 25 1783 - American Revolution: The last British troops leave New York City three months after the signing of the Treaty of Paris.
• Nov 25 1864 - Civil War: A group of Confederate operatives calling themselves the Confederate Army of Manhattan starts fires in more than 20 locations in an unsuccessful attempt to burn down New York City.
• Nov 25 1876 - Indian Wars: In retaliation for the American defeat at the Battle of the Little Bighorn, United States Army troops sack Chief Dull Knife's sleeping Cheyenne village at the headwaters of the Powder River.
• Nov 25 1940 – WW2: First flight of the deHavilland Mosquito and Martin B-26 Marauder.
• Nov 25 1952 - Korean War: After 42 days of fighting, the Battle of Triangle Hill ends as American and South Korean units abandon their attempt to capture the "Iron Triangle". Casualties and losses: US 1,540 TOK 4,689 - CH 11,529.
• Nov 26 1941 – WW2: The Japanese fleet departs from the Kuril Islands en route to its attack on Pearl Harbor.
• Nov 26 1950 – Korea: Troops from the People's Republic of China launch a massive counterattack in North Korea against South Korean and United Nations forces (Battle of the Ch'ongch'on River & Battle of Chosin Reservoir), ending any hopes of a quick end to the conflict. Casualties and losses: Est. UN 11,000 - CH 40,000 & UN 17,843 - CH 48,156.
• Nov 26 1968 – Vietnam: USAF helicopter pilot James P. Fleming rescues an Army Special Forces unit pinned down by Viet Cong fire and is later awarded the Medal of Honor.
Nov 27 1863 – Civil War: Confederate cavalry leader John Hunt Morgan and several of his men escape the Ohio Penitentiary and return safely to the South.


Nov 27 1868 – Indian Wars: Battle of Washita River - United States Army Lieutenant Colonel George Armstrong Custer leads an attack with 503 soldiers on 150 Cheyenne warriors and 100 women and soldiers living on reservation. Casualty estimates vary.

Nov 27 1901 – The U.S. Army War College is established.

Nov 27 1950 – Korea: East of the Choosing River, Chinese forces annihilate an American task force.

Nov 28 1941 – WW2: The aircraft carrier USS Enterprise departs from Pearl Harbor to deliver F4F Wildcat fighters to Wake Island. This mission saves the carrier from destruction when the Japanese attack.

Nov 28 1943 – WW2: Tehran Conference - U.S. President Franklin D. Roosevelt, British Prime Minister Winston Churchill and Soviet leader Joseph Stalin meet in Tehran, Iran to discuss war strategy.

Nov 29 1847 – Indian Wars: Whitman Massacre - Missionaries Dr. Marcus Whitman, his wife Narcissa, and 15 others are killed by Cayuse and Umatilla Indians, causing the Cayuse War.


Nov 29 1872 – Indian Wars: The Modoc War begins with the Battle of Lost River when U.S. troops attempt to relocate them. Casualties and losses: US 7 - Modacs 5.

Nov 29 1971 – Vietnam: Americal Division stands down and departs. They suffered 4,041 casualties during 2,111 days of combat.
Nov 30 1950 – Korea: President Truman declares that the United States will use the A–bomb to get peace.

Nov 30 1972 - Vietnam: White House Press Secretary Ron Ziegler tells the press that there will be no more public announcements concerning American troop withdrawals from Vietnam due to the fact that troop levels are now down to 27,000.

Nov 30 1981 - Cold War: In Geneva, representatives from the United States and the Soviet Union begin to negotiate intermediate-range nuclear weapon reductions in Europe (the meetings ended inconclusively on Dec 17).


[Source: Various Oct 2014 ++]